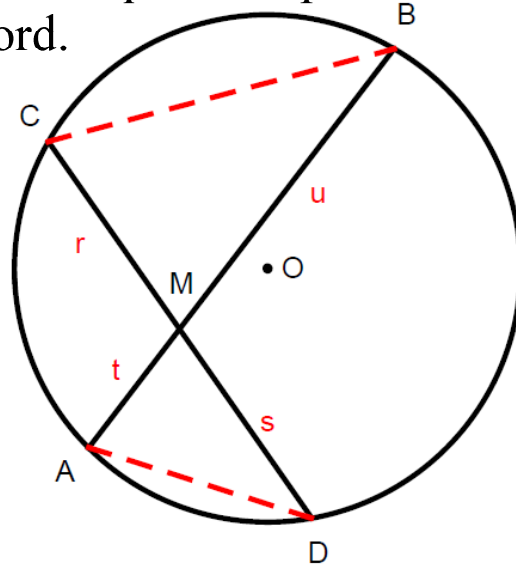


## TWO CHORDS

When two chords intersect inside a circle, the product of the segments of one chord equals the product of the segments of the other chord.

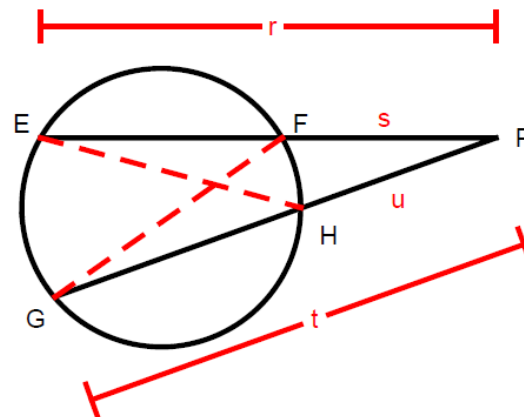
$$rs = tu$$

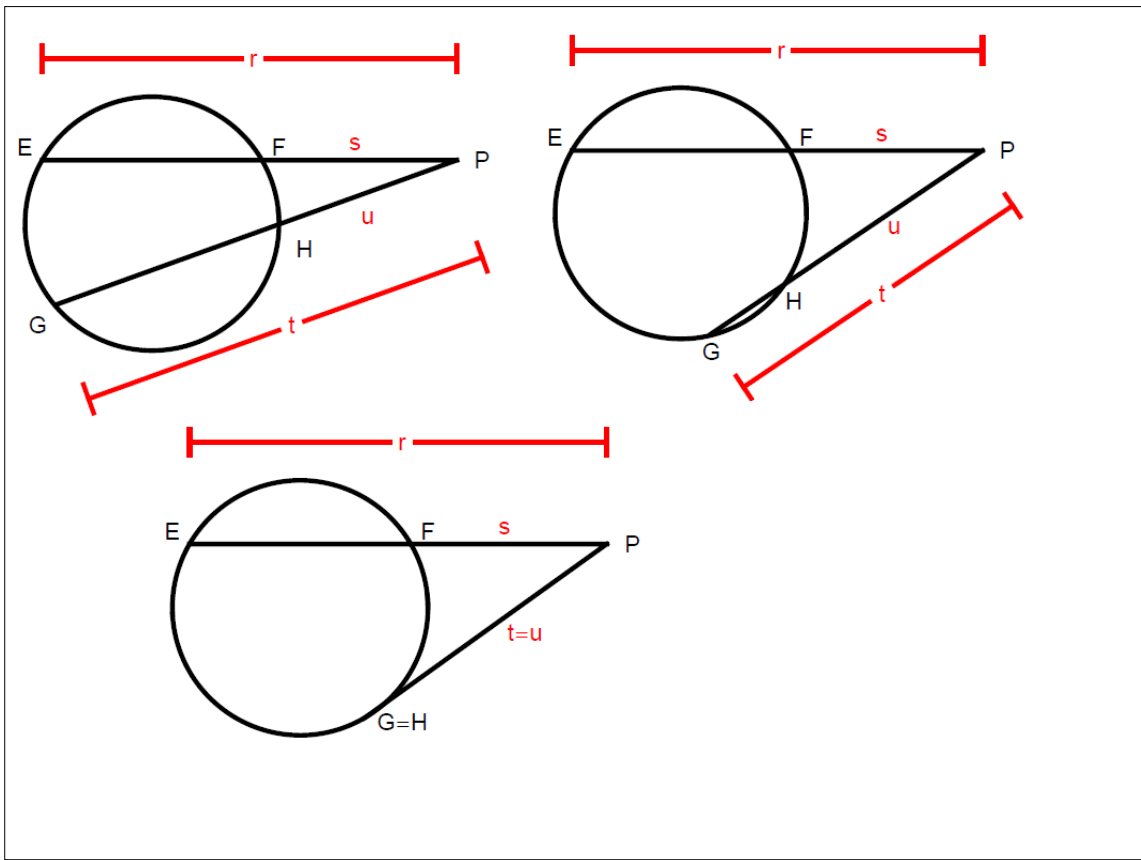


## TWO SECANTS

When two secant segments are drawn to a circle from an external point, the product of one secant segment and its external segment equals the product of the other secant segment and its external segment.

$$rs = tu$$

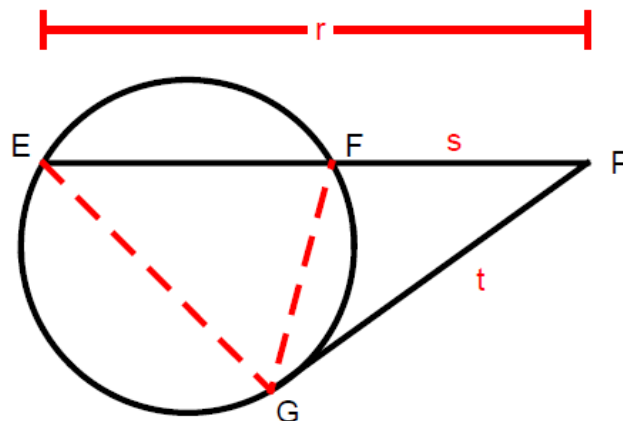


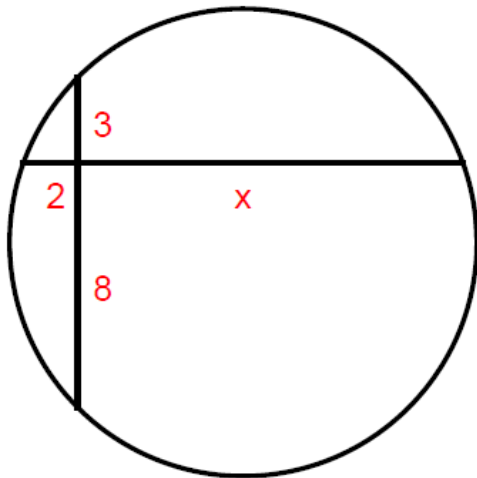


## SECANT AND TANGENT

When a secant segment and a tangent segment are drawn to a circle from an external point, the product of the secant segment and its external segment is equal to the square of the tangent segment.

$$rs = t^2$$





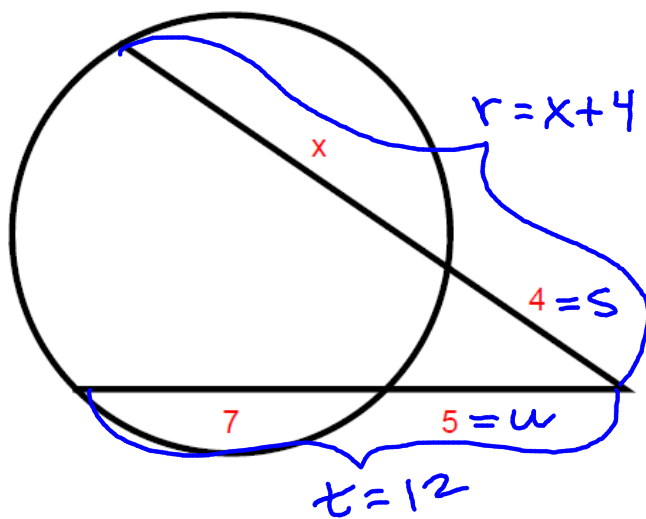
$$\begin{aligned} r &= 3 \\ s &= 8 \\ t &= 2 \\ u &= x \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \cdot 8 = 2 \cdot x$$

$$\frac{24}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$$

$$12 = x$$

two chords



$$r = x + 4$$

$$4 = s$$

$$5 = u$$

$$t = 12$$

$$(x+4)(4) = 12 \cdot 5$$

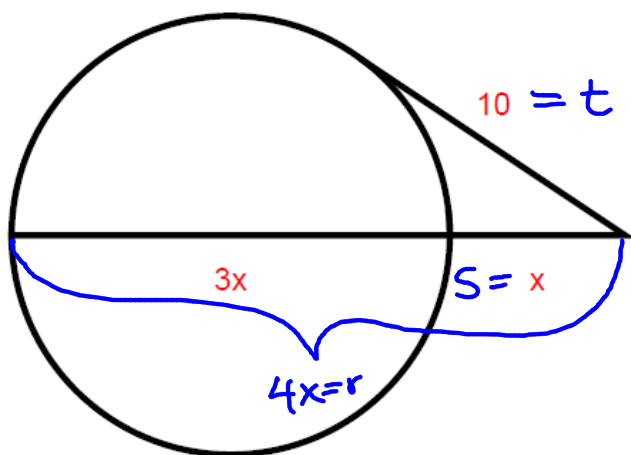
$$4x + 16 = 60$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -16 \\ 4x + 16 = 60 \\ \hline 4x = 44 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{44}{4}$$

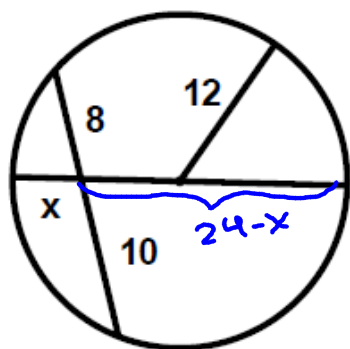
$$x = 11$$

two secants



secant & tangent

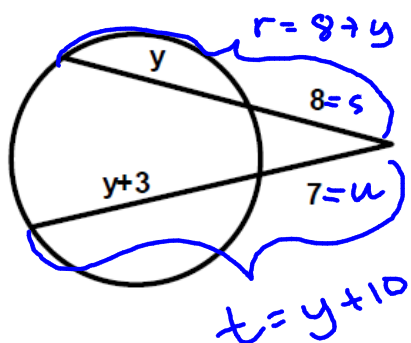
$$\begin{aligned}
 rs &= t^2 \\
 (4x)(x) &= 10^2 \\
 4x^2 &= 100 \\
 \frac{4}{4} & \quad \frac{100}{4} \\
 \sqrt{x^2} &= \sqrt{25} \\
 x &= 5
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 r &= 8 \\
 s &= 10 \\
 t &= x \\
 u &= 24 - x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 8 \cdot 10 &= (x)(24 - x) \\
 80 &= 24x - x^2 \\
 +x^2 & \quad +x^2 \\
 x^2 + 80 &= 24x \\
 -24x & \quad -24x \\
 x^2 - 24x + 80 &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x &= \frac{24 \pm \sqrt{24^2 - 4(1)(80)}}{2(1)} \\
 &= \frac{24 \pm \sqrt{576 - 320}}{2} \\
 &= \frac{24 \pm \sqrt{256}}{2} = \frac{24 \pm 16}{2} \\
 &= 20 \text{ or } \boxed{4}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$(8+y)(8) = (y+10)(7)$$

$$64 + 8y = 7y + 70$$

$$\quad -7y \quad -7y$$

$$64 + y = 70$$

$$\quad -64 \quad -64$$

$$\boxed{y = 6}$$